BEFORE THE PERSONNEL APPEALS BOARD

1 STATE OF WASHINGTON 2 3 BRIAN DAVIS, 4 Appellant, Case No. ALLO-03-0005 5 v. ORDER OF THE BOARD FOLLOWING 6 HEARING ON EXCEPTIONS TO THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON, DETERMINATION OF THE DIRECTOR 7 Respondent. 8 9 **Hearing on Exceptions.** This appeal came on for hearing before the Personnel Appeals Board, 10 WALTER T. HUBBARD, Chair; GERALD L. MORGEN, Vice Chair; and BUSSE NUTLEY, 11 Member, on Appellant's exceptions to the Director's determination dated January 30, 2003. The 12 hearing was held on September 24, 2003, at the University of Washington, South Campus Center, 13 Seattle, Washington. 14 15 **Appearances.** Appellant Brian Davis was present and was represented by Julie Sakahara, Union 16 Representative with the Washington Federation of State Employees. Jim West, Human Resource 17 Representative, represented Respondent University of Washington. 18 19 Background. As a result of a local position review, Appellant's position as a Sprinkler 20

Maintenance Worker was reallocated to the class of Maintenance Mechanic I. Appellant believed his position should have been reallocated to the class of Control Technician, and he requested a review of his position allocation with the Department of Personnel. On October 23, 2002, Kris Brophy conducted a verification interview. On January 30, 2003, the Department of Personnel issued a determination that Appellant's position should be reallocated back to Sprinkler

Maintenance Worker.

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his position should be allocated to Construction Assistant or Control Technician.

landscaping.

maintenance work.

Summary of Appellant's Argument. Appellant claims that his duties far exceed the duties of the

Maintenance Mechanic in complexity and responsibility. Appellant asserts that the University of

Washington is a major consumer of water, has engaged in an incredible amount of construction in

the last 10 years, and that the projects always affect the irrigation systems and require new

involved in major construction projects from the beginning of design through warranty work.

Appellant claims that this work is consistent with a capital major project. Therefore, Appellant

asserts that, on a best-fit basis, the Construction Assistant is the correct class in light of the scope

and complexity of his responsibilities and duties. Appellant also argues that in the alternative, the

Control Technician I classification is also appropriate in a best-fit basis. Appellant argues that the

Maintenance Mechanic I is totally inappropriate because only 20 percent of his duties comprise

Summary of Respondent's Argument. Respondent argues that the Construction Assistant class

does not fit because Appellant's duties entail maintaining and servicing a complex, partially

computerized sprinkler system, not performing site or construction inspections or coordinating

construction projects. Respondent asserts that the Control Technician class is also not appropriate

here because the class is restricted to positions with duties relating to maintenance of mechanical,

pneumatic, electronic and electron controls for heating, air-conditioning (HVAC) and related

equipment. Respondent argues Appellant works with sprinklers and sprinkler related equipment,

and he employs electrical skills and knowledge related to the controls of the Rain Master

Appellant contends that he has overall responsibility for irrigation projects and is

On February 5, 2003, Appellant filed exceptions with the Personnel Appeals Board claiming that

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2828 Capitol Boulevard Olympia, Washington 98504 one class is a perfect fit for the duties performed by Appellant. Respondent also recognizes that some of Appellant's duties are beyond the Sprinkler Maintenance Worker class but argues that on a best-fit basis, the Maintenance Mechanic 1 is the appropriate classification in light of the available classes.

Primary Issue. Whether the Department of Personnel correctly concluded that Appellant's position is properly allocated to the Sprinkler Maintenance Worker class.

Relevant Classifications. Sprinkler Maintenance Worker (class code 5463); Maintenance Mechanic I (class code 5242); Construction Assistant (class code 4683); and Control Technician (class code 5335).

Decision of the Board. The purpose of a position review is to determine which classification best describes the overall duties and responsibilities of a position. A position review is neither a measurement of the volume of work performed nor an evaluation of the expertise with which that work is performed. Also, a position review is not a comparison of work performed by employees in similar positions. A position review is a comparison of the duties and responsibilities of a particular position to the available classification specifications. This review results in a determination of the class that best describes the overall duties and responsibilities of the position. <u>Liddle-Stamper v.</u>
Washington State University, PAB Case No. 3722-A2 (1994).

Appellant works in the Outside Zone of Plant Services. He reports to the Grounds Supervisor in the Grounds Maintenance Department. Appellant and his coworker serve the irrigation and water conservation needs of the University of Washington campus. Appellant spends 45 percent of his time working on irrigation projects, including reviewing, advising, consulting, inspecting and providing in-field support during the project.

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The Sprinkler Maintenance Work class requires the employee to perform duties involving sprinkler

irrigation and maintenance in a comprehensive maintenance program. Typical work includes

on the irrigation central control system, providing irrigation/water conservation training, performing

administrative work in support of irrigation operations, planning long-term work assignments,

Appellant spends 20 percent of his work time performing maintenance/preventative maintenance to

all irrigation-related parts and equipment, including tasks such as installing, testing,

troubleshooting, repairing, and relocating sprinklers. Appellant's remaining time is spent working

researching and developing irrigation training and working with the Seattle Public Utilities district.

In the absence of a classification specification that clearly describes the exact nature of Appellant's

work, we must identify the classification that most closely addresses the scope, range of duties and

skills Appellant performs. To determine the class which best describes the overall duties and

responsibilities of Appellant's position, we have considered all relevant classifications, including

Construction Assistant, Control Technician, Maintenance Mechanic and Sprinkler Maintenance

Worker.

Appellant has failed to meet his burden of proving that either the Construction Assistant or Control

Technician classes are more appropriate classes for the work he performs. The Control Technician

class requires performing skilled work on HVAC systems, and Appellant clearly does not inspect,

test, service or maintain heating or air-conditioning equipment. The Class Series for the

Construction Assistant class requires the employee to perform site or construction inspections and

coordinate the construction phase of building construction, renovation and utility projects from

beginning through warranty. Appellant does not perform site, construction inspections or

coordinate the construction phase of a building, renovation or utility project.

Personnel Appeals Board 2828 Capitol Boulevard Olympia, Washington 98504

installing, maintaining, repairing and adjusting various sprinkler systems and control devices; 1 inspecting and repairing sprinkler systems; and reviewing sprinkler system maps. Appellant 2 performs these typical duties; however, the scope of Appellant's duties and his level of 3 responsibilities clearly go beyond the scope of duties intended in the Sprinkler Maintenance Worker 4 class. 5 6 The definition of the Maintenance Mechanic I classification states, "[a]ssist journeyworker and/or 7 perform work of a semi-skilled nature in the maintenance, repair, remodeling and construction of 8 buildings, grounds, facilities and equipment." Appellant does not assist journeyworkers; however, 9 he performs semi-skilled work on sprinkler equipment and the computerized sprinkler system, and 10 he possesses electrical skills. We understand the Maintenance Mechanic I class is not the perfect 11 fit; however, in recognition of the multifaceted duties and tasks performed by Appellant, we 12 conclude the Maintenance Mechanic I classification is the best fit under the circumstances. 13 14 **Conclusion.** Appellant's appeal should be granted in part, and his position should be reallocated to 15 the Maintenance Mechanic I classification. 16 17 //// 18 //// 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

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2	ORDER
3	NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the appeal of Brian Davis is granted in part
4	the Director's determination is reversed, and Appellant's position is reallocated to the class o
5	Maintenance Mechanic I.
6	DATED this day of
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9	WASHINGTON STATE PERSONNEL APPEALS BOARD
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11	Walter T. Hubbard, Chair
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13	Gerald L. Morgen, Vice Chair
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15	Busse Nutley, Member
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